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REMARKS

The foregoing amendments are responsive to the December 30, 2005 Office Action. Applicants respectfully request reconsideration of the present application in view of the foregoing amendments and the following remarks.

Please charge any additional fees, including any fees for additional extension of time, or credit overpayment to Deposit Account No. 11-1410.

Amendment to Claim 19

Claim 19 has been amend to correct a grammatical informality.

Rejection of Claims 19-25, 27, 28 and 31 Under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e)

The Examiner rejected Claims 19-25, 27, 28 and 31 under 35 U.S.C. § 102(e) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent No. 5,787,247 to Norin et al. (hereinafter "Norin"). Norin teaches a distributed database system, not a gateway configured to allow multiple nodes on a computer network to communicate using one or more protocols. Norin does not teach or suggest that a node transitions to an active state when the node detects that the active gateway node has not responded to a request from a client node.

Figure 2 of Norin shows transitions between an active state and "delete pending," "deleted" and "delete now" state. Moreover, as shown in Figure 2 and described in the specification, transitions to the active state occur in response to an add replica event 54 or a remove replica event 56 (see e.g., column 18 at lines 31-35). Thus, Norin does not teach or suggest transitioning from a standby state to an active state when an unacknowledged client request is detected.

The Examiner points to block 36 of Figure 2 in arguing that Norin teaches transitioning to an active state when an unacknowledged client request is detected. Regarding block 36, Norin states: "Replica list maintenance block 36 is responsible for ensuring that replica list 34 is properly updated as new information is received via replication processing block 26. Such updating includes the resolution of any conflicts which may arise during the replication of replica lists." Thus, Norin does not teach or suggest transitioning from a standby state to an active state when an unacknowledged client request is detected. Applicants respectfully point out that the

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sections pointed to by the Examiner do not teach or suggest transitioning from a standby state to an active state when an unacknowledged client request is detected.

Regarding Claim 19, Norin does not teach or suggest creating a node database containing information about the nodes, designating an active gateway node to maintain the node database, the active gateway node providing one or more access methods to access the node database, mirroring the node database in one or more standby server nodes, and transitioning a first standby server nodes to an active state when said first standby server node detects that said active gateway node has not responded to a media access request from a client node.

Regarding Claim 20 in combination with Claim 19, Norin does not teach or suggest interpreting and executing rules that specify actions to be taken when a state change occurs in a client node. The sections of Norin identified by the Examiner deal with replica state information, deleted state information, and the removal replica process. Norin does not teach or suggest a rule definition language or translation into a rule definition language.

Regarding Claim 21 in combination with Claim 20, Norin does not teach or suggest that the rules are interpreted by a rules engine. The sections of Norin identified by the Examiner deal with replica state information, deleted state information, and the removal replica process. Norin does not teach or suggest a rule definition language or translation into a rule definition language.

Regarding Claim 22 in combination with Claim 20, Norin does not teach or suggest generating event notifications when the state change occurs.

Regarding Claim 23 in combination with Claim 22, Norin does not teach or suggest that the notifications are provided to a dispatcher.

Regarding Claim 24 in combination with Claim 20, Norin does not teach or suggest translating received data into a rule definition language. The sections of Norin identified by the Exmainer deal with replica state information, deleted state information, and the removal replica process. Norin does not teach or suggest a rule definition language or translation into a rule definition language.

Regarding Claim 25 in combination with Claim 20, Norin does not teach or suggest that the state change includes a change in an instance variable of the client node.

Regarding Claim 27 in combination with Claim 19, Norin does not teach or suggest activating one of the standby server nodes after the active server becomes inactive.

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Regarding Claim 28 in combination with Claim 19, Norin does not teach or suggest encapsulating raw packets in a first protocol into wrapper packets in the desired protocol and tunneling the raw packets through the desired protocol. The sections of Norin identified by the Examiner teach store and forward replication, not tunneling.

Regarding Claim 31 in combination with Claim 19, Norin does not teach or suggest notifying a user application when a change occurs in an instance variable of the client node.

Accordingly, Applicants assert that Claims 1-7, 9, 10, 13, 14, 19-25, 27, 28 and 31 are allowable over the prior art, and Applicants request allowance of Claims 1-7, 9, 10, 13, 14, 19-25, 27, 28 and 31.

Rejection of Claims 1-7, 10, 13, 14 and 16 Under35 U.S.C. § 103(a)

The Examiner rejected Claims 1-7, 9, 10, 13, 14 and 16 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Norin et al. U.S. Patent No. 5,787,247 in view of U.S. Patent No. 5,550,906 to Chau et al. ("Chau"). Norin does not teach or suggest an internal node database comprising information about nodes on a network. As discussed above, Norin does not teach or suggest transitioning from a standby state to an active state when an unacknowledged client request is detected. Chau teaches telephone PBX system. Neither Norin nor Chau teaches or suggests transitioning to an active state when an unacknowledged client request is detected.

Moreover, there is no suggestion to combine Norin with Chau. The Examiner is using impermissible hindsight in trying to combine Norin and Chau.

Regarding Claim 1, the cited combination does not teach or suggest an internal node database comprising information about nodes on a network, a protocol converter configured to allow the nodes on the computer network to communicate using one or more data protocols according to information in the node database, wherein the one or more data protocols are transmitted over a network medium using a medium protocol, an application programming interface to communicate with the nodes, a software module configured to provide an active mode and a standby mode, the active mode configured to maintain the internal node database and to provide access to the node database, the standby mode configured to maintain the internal node database as a mirror copy of an external node database and to transition to the active mode when an unacknowledged client node request for access to the network medium is detected.

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Regarding Claim 2 in combination with Claim 1, the cited combination does not teach or suggest that the internal node database includes rules that specify actions to be taken upon a state change of a client node.

Regarding Claim 3 in combination with Claim 2, the cited combination does not teach or suggest that the rules are simple rules.

Regarding Claim 4 in combination with Claim 2, the cited combination does not teach or suggest that the rules are complex rules.

Regarding Claim 5 in combination with Claim 2, the cited combination does not teach or suggest a rules engine configured to interpret the rules. The sections of Norin identified by the Examiner deals with replica state information, deleted state information, and the removal replica process. Norin does not teach or suggest a rule definition language or translation into a rule definition language.

Regarding Claim 6 in combination with Claim 2, the cited combination does not teach or suggest shims configured to translate rules into a rule definition language. The sections of Norin identified by the Examiner deal with replica state information, deleted state information, and the removal replica process. Norin does not teach or suggest a rule definition language or translation into a rule definition language.

Regarding Claim 7 in combination with Claim 2, the cited combination does not teach or suggest that the state change includes a change in an instance variable of the client node.

Regarding Claim 10 in combination with Claim 1, the cited combination does not teach or suggest that the gateway is further configured to tunnel a first protocol through a second protocol. The cited combination does not teach or suggest tunneling.

Regarding Claim 13 in combination with Claim 7, the cited combination does not teach or suggest an event handler configured to notify a user application when a change occurs in an instance variable of the client node.

Regarding Claim 14 in combination with Claim 1, the cited combination does not teach or suggest an object-oriented application programming interface.

Regarding Claim 16, the cited combination does not teach or suggest a power line network.

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Accordingly, Applicants assert that Claims 1-7, 10, 13, 14 and 16 are allowable over the prior art, and Applicants request allowance of Claims 1-7, 10, 13, 14 and 16.

Rejection of Claims 8, 11, 12, 15, 26, 29, 30, 32 and 33 Under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a)

The Examiner rejected Claims 8, 11, 12, 15, 26, 29, 30, 32 and 33 under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a) as being unpatentable over Norin in view of Chau. Norin teaches a distributed database system, not a gateway configured to allow multiple nodes on a computer network to communicate using one or more protocols. In Norin, the data in the database is conventional database data (e.g., employee records, billing records, etc.) not information about the nodes. Norin does not teach or suggest an internal node database comprising information about nodes on a network. Moreover, Norin teaches database servers as being active, deleted (having no database data) or in some phase of deletion (e.g. delete pending, delete now, etc.). Norin does not teach or suggest a standby state configured to maintain the internal node database as a mirror copy of an external node database. Chau teaches a telephone PBX system. Norin and/or Chau do not teach or suggest converting from one protocol to another, and do not teach or suggest communication on a power line medium.

"Even if all its limitations could be found in the total set of elements contained in the prior art references, a claimed invention would not be obvious without a demonstration of the existence of a motivation to combine those references at the time of the invention " National Steel Car, Ltd. V. Canadian Pacific Railway, Ltd. 357 F.3d 1319 (Fed. Cir. 2004). "[T]he best defense against hindsight-based obviousness analysis is the rigorous application of the requirement of a showing of a teaching or motivation to combine the prior art references." Ecolochem, Inc. v. Southern California Edison Co., 227 F.3d 1361 (Fed. Cir. 2000). In the present case, a rigorous application of the requirement of a showing of a motivation to combine shows that there is no suggestion to combine the database system of Norin with the PBX system of Chau.

Regarding Claim 8 in combination with Claim 1, Norin does not teach or suggest that the internal node database is updated by issuing ping requests. The Examiner is attempting to use hindsight in pointing to references such as U.S. Patent No. 6,272,127 to Golden et al. No combination of Golden with Norin and Chau teaches or suggest issuing ping requests to update an internal node database that contains protocol information. Moreover, there is no suggestion to

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combine Golden with Norin or Chau to update an internal node database that contains protocol information. There is no suggestion to combine Norin and Chau with Golden in the manner described by the Examiner. The Examiner is using Applicants' disclosure as a blueprint to combine prior art references in an attempt to formulate a rejection. The Examiner is using hindsight to combine the references.

Regarding Claim 11 in combination with Claim 10, Norin does not teach or suggest that the medium is a power line and the medium protocol is a power line protocol.

Regarding Claim 12 in combination with Claim 1, Norin does not teach or suggest that the medium is a power line and the medium protocol is a PLX protocol.

Regarding Claim 15 in combination with Claim 14 Norin does not teach or suggest an internet browser configured to provide a user interface to information in the internal node database.

Regarding Claim 26 in combination with Claim 19, Norin does not teach or suggest issuing ping requests and listening for responses to the ping requests, the responses used to update the node database.

Regarding Claim 29 in combination with Claim 19, Norin does not teach or suggest that the medium is a power line and the medium protocol is a power line protocol.

Regarding Claim 30 in combination with Claim 19, Norin does not teach or suggest that the medium is a power line and the medium protocol is a PLX protocol.

Regarding Claim 32 in combination with Claim 19, Norin does not teach or suggest using an internet browser to view information in the node database.

Regarding Claim 33 in combination with Claim 19, Norin does not teach or suggest using an internet browser to control nodes on a power line network.

Accordingly, Applicants assert that Claims 8, 11, 12, 15, 26, 29, 30, 32 and 33 are allowable over the prior art, and Applicants request allowance of Claims 8, 11, 12, 15, 26, 29, 30, 32 and 33.

Summary

Applicants assert that Claims 1-8, 10-16 and 19-33 are allowable over the prior art, and Applicants request allowance of Claims 1-8, 10-16 and 19-33. If there are any remaining issues

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that can be resolved by a telephone conference, the Examiner is invited to call the undersigned attorney at (949) 721-6305.

By:

Respectfully submitted,

KNOBBE, MARTENS, OLSON & BEAR, LLP

Dated: February 28, 2006

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